

Strength of Smoke-Free Ordinances in Kentucky: Municipality and Implementation Date
As of April 22, 2026

Kentucky Communities with Comprehensive Smoke-Free Ordinances Including Workplaces and Enclosed Public Places (44)

A) Comprehensive Ordinances That Include E-Cigarettes (37)

1. Morehead (August 2006)
2. Ashland (October 2006)
3. Elizabethtown (December 2006)
4. Hardin County (April 2007)
5. Danville (August 2008)
6. Lexington-Fayette County (November 2008)
7. Prestonsburg (November 2009)
8. Bardstown (June 2010)
9. Glasgow (June 2010)
10. Corbin (November 2011)
11. Manchester (January 2012)
12. Williamsburg (February 2013)
13. Berea (September 2014)
14. Richmond (September 2014)
15. Versailles (October 2014)
16. Woodford County (December 2014)*
17. Hazard (June 2019)
18. Clarkson (May 2017)
19. Stanford (March 2018)
20. Oldham County (April 2018)
21. Salyersville (April 2018)
22. Paducah (May 2018)
23. Martin (June 2018)
24. Murray (September 2018)
25. La Grange (September 2018)
26. Williamstown (January 2019)
27. Perry County (June 2019)
28. Perryville (December 2019)
29. Hodgenville (July 2020)
30. Knott County (December 2020)
31. Owsley County (December 2021)
32. Beattyville (January 2022)
33. Dayton (November 2022)

Strength of Smoke-Free Ordinances in Kentucky: Municipality and Implementation Date
As of April 22, 2026

34. Bellevue (May 2023)
35. Highland Heights (September 2023)
36. Corinth (November 2023)
37. Ludlow (April 2025)

B) Comprehensive Ordinances That Do Not Include E-Cigarettes (7)

1. Georgetown (October 2005)
2. London (August 2009)
3. Radcliff (April 2010)
4. Bowling Green (April 2011)
5. Somerset (January 2012)
6. Midway (August 2014)
7. Middlesboro (August 2015)

Kentucky Communities with Partial Smoke-Free Ordinances Including Enclosed Public Places (4)

A) Partial Ordinances That Include E-Cigarettes (3)

1. Frankfort (August 2006)
2. Leitchfield (January 2017)
3. Louisville Metro (April 2025)

B) Partial Ordinances That Do Not Include E-Cigarettes (1)

1. Letcher County (July 2006)

Kentucky Communities with Partial Smoke-Free Including Significant Exemptions (13)

A) Partial Ordinances That Include E-Cigarettes (5)

1. Henderson (October 2006)
2. Pikeville (November 2007)
3. Franklin County (May 2012)
4. Hopkinsville (January 2013)
5. Campbellsville (March 2024)

B) Partial Ordinances That Do Not Include E-Cigarettes (8)

1. Daviess County (January 2006)
2. Paintsville (January 2007)
3. Hopkins County (February 2009)*
4. Kenton County (April 2011)
5. Elkhorn City (March 2013)
6. Mayfield (July 2013)
7. Owensboro (October 2014)

Strength of Smoke-Free Ordinances in Kentucky: Municipality and Implementation Date
As of April 22, 2026

Kentucky Communities with Board of Health Regulations Whose Ability to Enforce Ended on July 19, 2014, due to Kentucky Supreme Court Ruling (2)

1. Madison County (June 2007)
2. Clark County (January 2009)

**Community originally adopted a Board of Health Regulation but has since enacted a smoke-free ordinance.*

***“Among the police powers of the government, the power to promote and safeguard public health ranks at the top.... The real issue is whether the public regulation [Lexington’s smoke-free law] is reasonable....
In this case we must conclude that it is.”***

~Kentucky Supreme Court Decision, April 2004