		Gateway	Kentucky (N=54)*
1.	Are you or other health department staff involved in providing tobacco cessation programs?	Yes	54 (100.0%) Yes
2.	If "Yes," what programs do you provide? a. Fresh Start (American Cancer Society)	No	11 (20.4%) Yes
	b. Freedom from Smoking (American Lung Association)	No	1 (1.9%) Yes
	c. Cooper-Clayton Method to Stop Smoking	Yes	50 (92.6%) Yes
	d. Make Yours a Fresh Start Family (American Cancer Society)	Yes	37 (68.5%) Yes
	e. Quit and Win	No	31 (57.4%) Yes
3.	If "Yes," how many tobacco cessation programs were offered within the last year? (Entire programs, not individual classes)	4	Mean = $4.7 (SD = 3.5)$
4.	If "Yes," how many clients/patients participated in tobacco cessation programs within the last year?	14	Mean = $72.4 (SD = 79.1)$
5.	If "Yes," how many clients/patients completed tobacco cessation programs within the last year?	3	Mean = $41.5 (\underline{SD} = 65.7)$
6.	If "Yes," what is the job title of health department staff providing tobacco cessation (Check all that apply)?		
	a. Health Educator	No	34 (63.0%) Yes
	b. Nurse	Yes	36 (66.7%) Yes
	c. Social Worker	No	5 (9.3%) Yes
	d. Physician	No	3 (5.6%) Yes
7.	On average, how many requests for tobacco cessation does your health department receive per month?	1	Mean = $8.0 (SD = 14.3)$

		Gateway	<u>Kentucky (N=54)*</u>
8.	According to our records, 13 people in your area participated in the Quit & Win Tobacco-Free Contest. To the best of your knowledge, about how many people involved in your cessation programs also participated in Quit and Win?	0	Mean = $4.4 (SD = 11.3)$
9.	Within the past year, have any Cooper-Clayton Method to Stop Smoking programs been provided in your service area?	Yes	50 (92.6%) Yes
10.	If "Yes," how many people in your service area are trained to provide Cooper-Clayton programs?	7	Mean = $5.1 (SD = 8.2)$
11.	Within the past year, has your health department provided education programs on tobacco cessation for health care providers?	Yes	30 (57.7%) Yes
12.	If "Yes," about how many programs did you provide?	1	Mean = $2.6 (SD = 2.8)$
13.	Does your health department have a tobacco-user identification system (e.g. tobacco use as a vital sign, flagging the charts)?	Yes	45 (84.9%) Yes
14.	If "Yes", is the tobacco-user identification system used for every patient at every clinic visit?	Yes	38 (82.6%) Yes
15.	What kinds of educational methods are used for tobacco use cessation in your health department?		
	a. Formal group classes	No	45 (83.3%) Yes
	b. Individual counseling	Yes	52 (96.3%) Yes
	c. Audio-visual materials	No	47 (87.0%) Yes
	d. Printed materials	Yes	54 (100.0%) Yes
	e. Posters	Yes	48 (88.9%) Yes
16.	Does your clinic have self-help materials for tobacco use cessation available in every exam room?	No	38 (70.4%) Yes

		Gateway	Kentucky (N=54)*	
17.	Are materials on secondhand smoke available in every exam room?	No	32 (62.8%) Yes	
18.	Do your health care providers routinely ask patients about secondhand smoke exposure in the home?	Yes	46 (85.2%) Yes	
19.	Do your health care providers routinely advise patients to ban smoking in the home?	Yes	44 (84.6%) Yes	
20.	Do you health care providers routinely advise patients to ban smoking in their cars?	Yes	34 (69.4%) Yes	
21.	Do your providers routinely refer tobacco users who want to quit to a counselor or to a program available in your community for tobacco cessation treatment?		52 (98.1%) Yes	
22.	Does your employee health plan(s) at your health department reimburse for tobacco use cessation treatment? (including nicotine gum/patch and/or counseling)	Yes	20 (42.6%) Yes	
23.	How frequently do your health care providers prescribe or recommend the following medications for tobacco use cessation?			
	a. Nicotine Gum	3=	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3.2% 2.1% 7.7% .4% 5%
	b. Nicotine Patch	3=	$2= 26 \\ 3= 34 \\ 4= 13$.5% 5.4% 4.0% 3.2% 3.9%
	c. Nicotine Nasal Spray	2=	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2.3%).8% 7.0% .0%

		Gateway	<u>Kentucky (N=54)*</u>	
d. Ni	cotine Inhaler		1= Never	60.4%
		2=	2=	28.3%
			3=	11.3%
			4=	0.0%
			5= Very Often	0.0%
e. Bu	proprion (Wellbutrin, Zyban)		1= Never	35.8%
			2=	26.4%
		3=	3=	22.6%
			4=	11.3%
			5= Very Often	3.8%
f. Clo	nidine (suppresses opoid withdrawal symptoms; typically used to treat high	1= Never	1= Never	82.7%
	blood pressure)		2=	9.6%
			3=	7.7%
			4=	0.0%
			5= Very Often	0.0%
g. No	rtriptyline (antidepressant)		1= Never	80.4%
		2=	2=	9.8%
			3=	7.8%
			4=	0.0%
			5= Very Often	2.0%
. We have e	ave enough staff to provide tobacco cessation programs.		1= StronglyDisagree	14.8%
		2= Disagree	2= Disagree	31.5%
			3= Agree	37.0%
			4= StronglyAgree	16.7%
. Our staff a	staff are not trained to provide tobacco cessation.		1= StronglyDisagree	46.3%
		2= Disagree	2= Disagree	38.9%
			3= Agree	13.0%
			4= StronglyAgree	1.9%
. We are to	b busy to provide tobacco cessation.		1= StronglyDisagree	42.6%
		2= Disagree	2= Disagree	44.4%
			3= Agree	11.1%
			4= StronglyAgree	1.9%

24.

25.

26.

		<u>Gateway</u>	Kentucky (N=54)*	
27	We have few requests for tobacco cessation programs.		1= StronglyDisagree	24.1%
			2= Disagree	29.6%
			3= Agree	37.0%
		4= StronglyAgree	4= StronglyAgree	9.3%
28.	Tobacco cessation programs are too expensive.		1= StronglyDisagree	35.2%
		2= Disagree	2= Disagree	44.4%
			3= Agree	18.5%
			4= StronglyAgree	1.9%
29.	Tobacco cessation programs are effective.		1= StronglyDisagree	0.0%
			2= Disagree	1.9%
		3= Agree	3= Agree	67.3%
			4= StronglyAgree	30.8%

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